National Aeronautics and Space Admin.

1261.504 Interagency requests.

1261.505 Multiple debts.

1261.506 Limitation periods.

1261.507 Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund.

1261.508 Offset against a judgment.

Subpart 1261.6—Collection by Offset From Indebted Government Employees

1261.600 Purpose of subpart.

1261.601 Scope of subpart.

1261.602 Definitions.

1261.603 Procedures for salary offset.

1261.604 Nonwaiver of rights by involuntary setoff.

1261.605 Refunds.

1261.606 Salary offset request by a creditor agency other than NASA (the current paying agency).

1261.607 Obtaining the services of a hearing official.

AUTHORITY: Subparts 1261.4, 1261.5, and 1261.6 issued under 42 U.S.C. 2473(c); 31 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.; 5 U.S.C. 5514; 4 CFR parts 101–105; 5 CFR part 550 subpart K, §§550.1101–550.1107.

Source: 45 FR 48104, July 18, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart 1261.1—Employees' Personal Property Claims

AUTHORITY: 31 U.S.C. 2371, et seq.

§ 1261.100 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes regulations governing the settlement of claims against the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) for damage to, or loss of, personal property incident to service with NASA.

§1261.101 Claimants.

- (a) A claim for damage to, or loss of, personal property incident to service with NASA may be made only by:
- (1) An officer or employee of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration:
- (2) A member of the uniformed services (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey and Public Health Service) assigned to duty with or under the jurisdiction of NASA;
- (3) The authorized agent or legal representative of a person named in paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section; or
- (4) The survivors of a person named in paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section in the following order of precedence:

Spouse; children, father or mother, or both; or brothers or sisters, or both. Claims by survivors may be allowed whether arising before, concurrently with, or after the decedent's death, if otherwise covered by this subpart.

- (b) Employees of contractors with the United States and employees of nonappropriated fund activities are not included within the meaning of paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section.
- (c) Claims may not be made by or for the benefit of a subrogee, assignee, conditional vendor, or other third party.

§1261.102 Maximum amount.

From October 1, 1982, to October 30, 1988, the maximum amount that may be paid under the Military Personnel and Civilian Employees' Claim Act of 1964, as amended (31 U.S.C. 3721) is \$25,000, and on or after October 31, 1988, the maximum amount is \$40,000 (Pub. L. 100–565, 102 Stat. 2833, October 31, 1988).

[54 FR 35456, Aug. 28, 1989]

§ 1261.103 Time limitations.

- (a) A claim may be allowed only if the claim is presented in writing within 2 years after it accrues. For the purposes of this subpart, a claim accrues at the time of the accident or incident causing the loss or damage, or at such time as the loss or damage is or should have been discovered by the claimant through the exercise of due diligence.
- (b) If a claim accrues in time of war or if an armed conflict intervenes within 2 years after it accrues, and if good cause is shown, the claim may be presented not later than 2 years after that cause ceases to exist, or 2 years after the war or armed conflict is terminated, whichever is earlier. The dates of beginning and ending of such an armed conflict are the dates established by concurrent resolution of the Congress or by a determination of the President.

§ 1261.104 Allowable claims.

- (a) A claim may be allowed only if:
- (1) The damage or loss was not caused wholly or partly by the negligent or wrongful act of the claimant,